









NIVERSITY

















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Prof. Chun C. Lin





Rice University





Physics office



Rice University





Physics office

Provost's office (Lovett Hall)



Rice University



A career of committees !

- Rice University RICE
- American Physical Society physics
- American Institute of Physics
- AMERICAN INSTITUTE 또 PHYSICS

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

International physics conferences (ICPEAC)



- National Academy of Sciences NRC
- National Science Foundation







Rice University

Washington D.C.









"Neal, <u>how</u> much do we need for nanotechnology?"

SHAPING THE WORLD

JAMES A. BAKER III INSTITUTE FOR PUBLIC POLICY AT RICE UNIVERSITY



Science and Technology Policy Program (coordinated by Dr. Kirstin Matthews)





Energy and Environment (w/ Amy Jaffe)
Health and Medicine (w/ TMC inst's)
Space (w/ George Abbey)
Nuclear Issues/ Non-Proliferation
Education and Women in Science
The Future of U.S. Science
Role of Civic Scientists



Science in the Obama Era

Department Colloquium



March 27, 2009

Neal Lane Rice University



OUTLINE •The "Golden Age" •Science today - a few challenges •The Obama Era



World War II science and engineering

Pre-WWII U.S. R&D focused on agriculture and industry - with some university involvement



WWII mobilized U.S. industry and universities for the war effort





U.S. Army Radar



Proximity fuse







U.S. Navy TDC analog computer



World War II science and engineering

Nuclear energy - ("Atom Bomb")



Penicillin & Sulfa drugs









Hiroshima 6 August 1945 8:15 AM



World War II science and engineering

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Post WWII -A new partnership was established between the Federal government and universities



Vannevar Bush's "Science: The Endless Frontier"

"The Government should accept <u>new responsibilities</u> for promoting the flow of <u>new scientific knowledge</u> and the development of <u>scientific talent in our youth</u>. These responsibilities are the proper concern of the Government, for they vitally affect our health, our jobs and our national security." NSF established in 1950





– Thus, began a new compact between "science" and the public – faculty and students do the research* and the public pays for it (NIH, NSF, etc) with tax dollars. But there was an assumption that <u>K-12 science and math</u> <u>education</u> would provide the underpinnings.

*understood to mean research of value to society !

A "Golden Age" of Federal R&D Funding



But what kind of "Golden Age" for science? – from space to medicine – leaving costly gaps.



Source: AAAS, based on OMB Historical Tables in Budget of the United States Government FY 2006. Constant dollar conversions based on GDP deflators. FY 2006 is the President's request.

Note: Some Energy programs shifted to General Science beginning in FY 1998. FEB. '05 © 2005 AAAS AAAS

From Research to Information Technology Early discoveries and inventions



Transistor, 1947

Federal government and Industry (Bell Labs, Texas Instruments, others)





Maser, 1953-54



Integrated Circuit, 1958







Laser, 1958-1960

From Research to Information Technology The semiconductor industry and legendary "Moore's Law"

Nanotechnology?





Gordon Moore

Source: Intel's Silicon Showcase, http://www.intel.com/research/silicon/mooreslaw.htm

From Research to Information Technology The "iPod"



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Challenges to the Nation (A Few Examples Among Many)

•Health – affordable healthcare, personal safety •Economy – workforce – innovation & competitiveness •Energy – secure supply of carbon-free energy & fuels •Environment – clean air & water – climate change "M&A" Security – terrorism, nuclear proliferation Education – poor incentives for teachers and students •Physical Infrastructure – roads, bridges, rail & air systems National Image – in need of repair Science and Technology – essential to progress

Challenges to the Nation Tom Friedman's Flat World



The World IS Flat A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE TWENTY-FIRST CENTURY Thomas L. Friedman Ten forces are leveling the playing field for commerce – most have to do with technology and innovation.

from The World is Flat by Tom Friedman (Farrar, Strauss & Giroux, NY, 2005)

Challenges to the Nation Tom Friedman's Flat World



The World Is Flat

Ten forces are leveling the playing field for commerce – most have to do with technology and innovation.

And Three "Dirty Little Secrets" about the U.S.

- Secret #1 The Numbers Gap
- Secret #2 The Ambition Gap
- Secret #3 The Education Gap

from The World is Flat by Tom Friedman (Farrar, Strauss & Giroux, NY, 2005)



Challenges to Science

Neal's Flat World

Pre-Obama Forces have been "leveling the playing field" between scientific knowledge and opinion.

Money for science - too little & out of balance

- People in science too few & not representative
- Understanding of science too little
- Ideology too much
- Politics too intrusive

Public confidence in science – how fragile is it ?

Challenges to Science Policy (A Few Pre-Obama Examples Among Many)

 Health – cuts to NIH budget, restricted stem cell research •Energy – inadequate R&D on new energy technologies •Environment – science ignored, no policy on GHG emissions •Security – proliferation of nuclear weapons Education – poor science/math teaching, attack on evolution •Workforce – lack technical skills – SE careers not glitzy Integrity of Science – manipulations, misbehavior, ignorance •Space – NASA in crisis: shuttle; space station; science Research – cuts on many fronts, and out of balance Interagency cooperation – chronic and systemic problem International Cooperation – U.S. an unreliable partner ?

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The National Academies spoke out about a "Gathering Storm" for the U.S.

"Flat World" mapped onto U.S. Science and Technology - Congress asked the National Academies for advice









Norm Augustine (Panel Chair) "Rising Above the Gathering Storm" National Academies NRC Report 2006 Norm Augustine "Is America Falling Off the Flat Earth?" National Academies Press 2007 The National Academies spoke out about a "Gathering Storm" for the U.S.

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Congress was ready to increase research budgets by large amounts – when a fight between Congress and President Bush over bottom line numbers wiped out the increases for science in FY2008 !

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FY08 Science Budgets

Slide - Rosina Bierbaum

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"America has new leadership"



President Obama has made it clear that science is vital to America's future and he will give it strong support.

Also cometh the recession – panic ! (Nation needs stimulus spending!)



FY09 Science Budgets

What a difference a year makes...

Slide -Rosina Bierbaum

FY09 "Stimulus Funding"

2009 Supplemental Recovery Funding for R&D (House, Senate, and Final bills) (budget authority in billions of dollars)



AAAS

Source: AAAS analysis of R&D in House, Senate, and Final stimulus appropriations bills (HR 1). FEB. '09 © 2009 AAAS R&D in the Economic Recovery Bill FY09 Increases over FY08 (dollars in millions)

Programs	<u>FY08</u>	FY09 Add-on	<u>Add-on (%)</u>
DOE (science)	4036 1238	1600 2500	+40% +102%
NSF	6055	3000	+50%
NASA	17179	1000	+6%
NIH	29607	10400	+35%

R&D in FYL But this stimulus add-on is one-time money, so what about future years? Stay tuned !

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Future budgets up, then down?



Research is a small part of Federal spending – and it is likely to get squeezed !





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Challenges to Science Policy (Likely responses from the Obama Administration)

•Health – NIH budget up, less restricted stem cell research •Energy – Large increases in R&D on new energy technologies •Environment – expect science-based environmental policies Security – expect reductions in nuclear weapons •Education – expect revision of Pres. Bush's "NCLB Act" Workforce – expect financial help for education/training Integrity of Science – expect evidence-based policy making •Space - expect more emphasis on science, robotic missions •Research – expect growth in physical and life sciences Interagency cooperation – expect ostp to address International Cooperation – expect openness to partnership

"America has new leadership"



President Obama has made it clear that science is vital to America's future and he will give it strong support. But he cannot do it alone. He will need the help of many 'civic scientists'.

What is a 'civic scientist' ?

-Former Congressman George Brown (D-CA) had some advice for us.

"to become more involved with the political process and the needs of the broader society — in other words, be more effective citizens."



One Civic Scientist, the late Rick Smalley, spoke out on Humanity's Top Ten Problems for Next 50 Years

- 1. ENERGY (carbon-free)
- 2. WATER
- 3. FOOD
- 4. ENVIRONMENT
- 5. POVERTY
- 6. TERRORISM & WAR
- 7. DISEASE
- 8. EDUCATION
- 9. DEMOCRACY
- 10. POPULATION





The world will need revolutionary new technologies chanotechnology?

Rice's Rick Smalley (1943-2005)

A few examples – among many– of civic scientists!



Sally Ride



Neil de Grasse Tyson Hayden Planetarium Mary Good Commerce



Rita Colwell NSF



Leon Lederman

Fermilab

Richard Tapia Rice, NSB











Bill FosterShirley JacksonBassamBruce AlbertsArden BementRush HoltD-IIIRPI, NRCShakhashiriNAS, 'Science'Walter MasseyD-NJR-Mich"science is fun"NSF, Morehouse.

Civic Scientists in Obama's Administration



Jane Lubchenco, Administrator, NOAA



John Holdren, Pres. Science Advisor (OSTP)



Steve Chu, Secretary, Department of Energy

"The Future of U.S. Science?"



Why are my grandkids smiling?

Thank You !

